



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Barbers and Barber Shops—Regulation of. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 26, 1915.)

SEC. 69. All barber shops shall be equipped with running hot and cold water, and with all such appliances, furnishings, and materials as may be necessary to enable persons employed in or about said shop to comply with the requirements of this regulation, and shall keep said shop, furniture, tools, appliances, and equipments used therein at all times in a sanitary condition.

SEC. 70. No owner or manager of a barber shop shall knowingly permit any person suffering from a communicable or skin disease or from a venereal disease to act as a barber in said shop; nor shall any person who to his own knowledge is suffering from a communicable or skin disease or venereal disease act as a barber.

SEC. 71. Every owner of a barber shop shall cause all combs, hair brushes, hair dusters, and analogous articles to be washed thoroughly at frequent intervals (at least once a day), and to be kept clean at all times, and shall cause all mugs, shaving brushes, razors, scissors, clippers, pincers, needles, and other instruments to be sterilized, either by immersion in boiling water or in alcohol of at least 60 per cent strength, after each separate use.

SEC. 72. No barber shall use for the service of any customer any towel or wash cloth that has not been boiled and laundered since last used.

SEC. 73. Every barber shall cleanse his hands thoroughly immediately before serving each customer.

SEC. 74. No barber shall, to stop the flow of blood, use alum or other material, unless the same be used as a powder and applied on a clean towel.

SEC. 75. No barber shall use a powder puff or sponge for or in the service of a customer, unless it be the personal property of the customer.

SEC. 76. For shaving, barbers shall use a separate lather for each customer.

SEC. 77. No barber shall permit any person to use the headrest of any barber's chair under his control unless the headrest is covered by a clean, new paper.

SEC. 78. No barber shall shave any person when the surface to be shaved is inflamed or broken out or contains pus, unless such person be provided with a cup, shaving brush, and razor for his individual use.

SEC. 79. No barber shop shall be used as a sleeping room. Floors must be kept free from hair and swept or mopped every day, and all furniture and fixtures kept free from dust.

SEC. 80. Any person violating any of the provisions of sections 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, or 79, shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a penalty of \$10 for each offense.

Nuisances. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 26, 1915.)

SEC. 81. That nuisances are hereby defined and declared, and shall include and embrace:

(1) The placing or depositing or allowing to remain in or upon any street or public place, or upon any open lot or on public or private property, any dead animal or any part of the same, or any offal or garbage, or any carrion or putrid meat, or any foul or offensive or obnoxious substances whatsoever.

(2) The throwing upon or allowing to flow from any premises upon any street or public place, open lot, or public or private property, or the allowing to collect upon the surface of any premises any waste water, dirty water, slops, stable drainage, liquid filth, overflow from cesspool or privy vault, or any offensive liquid matter whatsoever.

(3) Also any full, foul, or leaky privy vault or cesspool or other receptacle for filth; also any privy vault, receptacle, or catch basin which is beneath any dwelling or other building or is attached to the foundation wall of any dwelling or other building.

(4) Allowing or permitting any night soil, garbage, or any offensive or decomposing solid or fluid matter or substance to leak or ooze, or escape from any cart or wagon or vessel in which the same may be conveyed or carried.